

Lesson Vocabulary

Add/Subtract Polynomials - Combine like terms

ex.)  $f(x) = 3x^3 + 4x^2 + 5$  and  $g(x) = -3x^3 - 2x^2 + 5x$

Find the sum and difference of the functions

$$\begin{aligned}f(x) + g(x) &= 3x^3 + 4x^2 + 5 - 3x^3 - 2x^2 + 5x \\&= 2x^2 + 5x + 5\end{aligned}$$

Degree = 2

$$\begin{aligned}f(x) - g(x) &= 3x^3 + 4x^2 + 5 - (-3x^3 - 2x^2 + 5x) \\&= 3x^3 + 4x^2 + 5 + 3x^3 + 2x^2 - 5x \\&= 6x^3 + 6x^2 - 5x + 5\end{aligned}$$

Degree = 3

Example Problem(s)

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a) Combine like terms

b) The degree of combined polynomials will always be less than or equal to the highest degree of the polynomials.

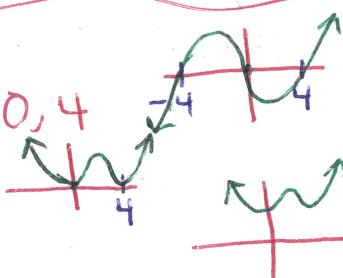
c) The # of zeros is less than or equal to the

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a)  $f(x)$ : degree = 3, Zeros  $x = -4, 0, 4$

$g(x)$ : degree = 4, Zeros  $x = 0, 4$

$h(x)$ : degree = 4, Zeros - none



$$b) f(x) + g(x) = x^3 - 16x + 16x^2 - 8x^3 + x^4$$

$$= x^4 - 7x^3 + 16x^2 - 16x$$

$$f(x) - g(x) = x^3 - 16x - (16x^2 - 8x^3 + x^4)$$

$$= x^3 - 16x - 16x^2 + 8x^3 - x^4$$

$$= -x^4 + 9x^3 - 16x^2 - 16x$$

$$c) g(x) - h(x) = 16x^2 - 8x^3 + x^4 - (x^4 - 8x^3 + 16x^2 + 4)$$

$$= 16x^2 - 8x^3 + x^4 - x^4 + 8x^3 - 16x^2 - 4$$

$$= -4 \quad \text{degree} = 0$$

$$h(x) - f(x) = x^4 - 8x^3 + 16x^2 + 4 - (x^3 - 16x)$$

$$= x^4 - 8x^3 + 16x^2 + 4 - x^3 + 16x$$

$$= x^4 - 9x^3 + 16x^2 + 16x + 4$$

$$\text{degree} = 4$$